

Positional accuracy is the key for robot control

Industrial robots first appeared in Japan in 1969. In 2022, more than half a century later, the robot technology is getting improvement and expand not only the conventional industrial market, mainly in manufacturing plants, but also the agriculture and the food industry.

The position detection is one of the important technologies in robot control. The efforts of developers who have improved the precision control of these machines have expanded the sphere of activity of today's robots and self-powered machines.

Increasing positioning accuracy is more important for any type of manufacturing equipment to reduce the operation cost and improve the yield rate.



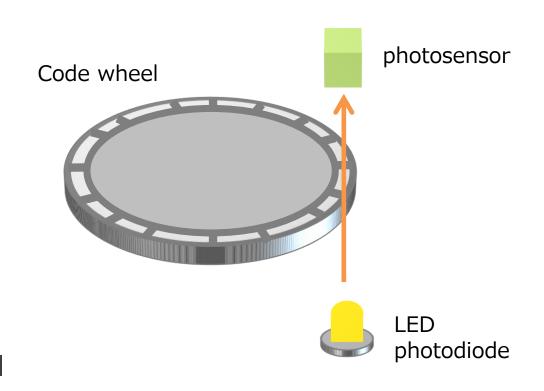


Optical Encoders



Optical Rotary Encoders

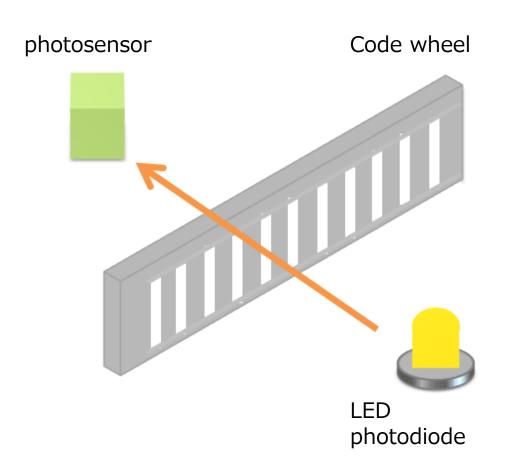
Used to detect the position of servo motors. There are two types which are the incremental type and absolute type. In cases where more precise operation is required, the absolute type is commonly used to convert absolute position detection into a signal. The encoder consist of the light emitting elements such as LEDs and laser diodes, and a code wheel is incorporated between the passive and light emitting elements. Position detection is performed when an optical pulse signal passes through a slit formed on the code wheel.





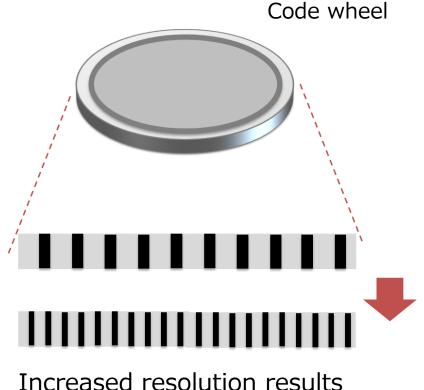
Linear Scale Encoder

It is based on the same principle as the optical rotary encoder, but the slit is formed in a straight line. This linear scale encoder normally is used for milling machines, drilling machines, bending presses, and other machine tools that require high positioning accuracy.





Slitting accuracy makes higher resolution



Increased resolution results in narrower slit widths

One technical approach to improving optical encoder capability is to increase resolution. Increasing the number of slits in the encoder's internal code wheel improves resolution, but increasing the number of slits per area means that the slit width itself becomes narrower, so high processing technology and precision are required to manufacture the slits.



Proposal



Proposal

For small, high-precision optical encoders, we offer the high precision slits by etching or electroforming technology, which enable high-precision production.

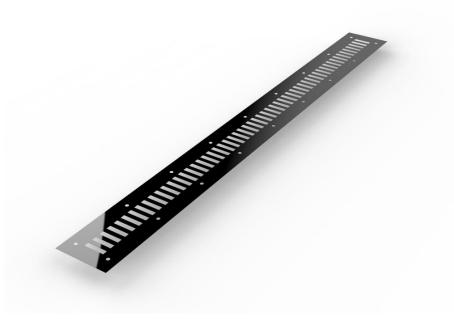
Advantage

- UPT can achieve the required machining accuracy by selecting the most suitable machining method.
- Having standard materials in stock allows for immediate processing and low cost, and short leadtime.
- Even if there are different place/country between development and production, we can provide global support through our network.



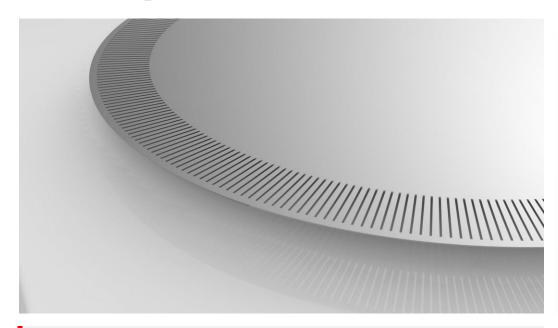
For Optical Encoders Micro-slit Processing







Example



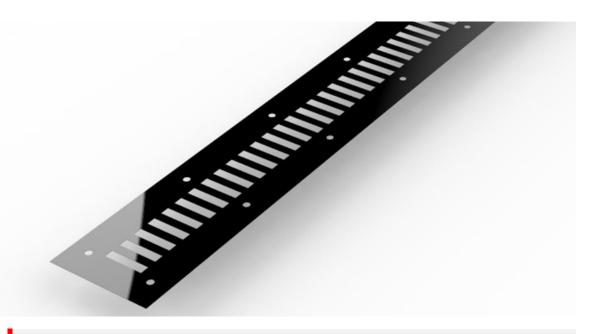
Material: SUS304

Thickness: 0.08mm

Method: Photo Etching

Slit width: 110µm

Size: 49 p



Material: SUS304

Thickness: 0.1mm

Method: Photo Etching

Surface Treatment : Black Plating

Slit width: 3mm/6mm Pitch

Size(Width x Length): 40mm x 370mm

United Precision Technologies Co., Ltd.



■ Material thickness that photo etching can handle

Thickness 0.004mm ~ 2.0 mm

Material Type

Molds and jigs (= initial cost and lead time)

Design Changes

Micro Design

Mass Production

Delivery time

Material deformation (burrs, distortion, etc.)

Etching

Almost all metals

Low cost Fast speed

Quick and easy Low cost

High Quality

Available

1 week

N/A

electroforming

Ni Cu

Expensive Fast speed

Quick and easy
More cost then etching

High Quality

Available, but takes time and cost

2 weeks

N/A

Laser Processing

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Low cost Fast speed

Quick and easy Low cost

High Quality

Available, but takes time and cost

1 week

Very small burrs and dross

Press Processing

Almost all metals Except difficult-to-machine materials such as Mg

Expensive long lead time

Time and cost for additional tooling

Mold making range Difficult to make less than tens of μ

Available

1.5 month-6 months (Depends on the mold)

Overall Prone to occur



Value 1



UPT's etching factory in Japan

High dimensional accuracy of ±10% of plate thickness

The accuracy of etching technology for dimension/design is $\pm 10\%$, and it meet with the requirement of optical slits which need to have high accuracy design.

The etching process with the same pattern on both sides



Value 2



Enough Inventory

We have 500 kinds inventory of materials and thicknesses in stock. For example, we can order 5 types of SUS304 material in 5µm steps based on 50µm.



Value 3



Global Network Supply

Our factory are located in Japan and Thailand, and overseas sales offices are located in the USA, Korea, and Thailand. We can support customers whose development country is different from production country.



Specification List



Specification Items	Contents
Target Metal Type	All etchable metals (Excluding tungsten-based, gold and silver)
Target Metal Thickness	Available in any thickness (0.004mm \sim)
Machining Accuracy	±10% of thickness (Min tolerance ±0.01mm)
Surface Treatment	Black treatment and also various treatments are available

Driving global innovation with precision technologies



Think ahead, Make differently

